

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) In a multiple-access OFDM-CDMA system, a method for recovering data transmitted over a wireless communication channel, comprising:
 - processing a received signal to provide data samples;
 - transforming the data samples in the frequency domain in accordance with a particular transformation to provide transformed samples;
 - despread the transformed samples with one or more sets of despreading coefficients to provide despread samples, wherein each set of despreading coefficients is associated with a respective despreading code that corresponds to a spreading code used to spread data prior to transmission and selected from a set of available spreading codes;
 - combining the despread samples for each time interval to provide a demodulated symbol representative of a transmitted OFDM symbol; and
 - decoding demodulated symbols to provide decoded data.
2. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising:
 - recovering the data samples with a cover code to provide recovered samples, wherein the transforming is performed on the recovered samples.
3. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising:
 - discarding data samples corresponding to a cyclic prefix appended to each OFDM symbol.
4. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the transformation is a Fourier transform.
5. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising:
 - combining demodulated symbols derived from a plurality of received signals to provide combined demodulated symbols.
6. (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein the plurality of received signals are transmitted from a plurality of cells or sectors in the system.
7. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising:
 - estimating a response for the communication channel, and

wherein each set of despreading coefficients is derived based in part on a set of weights indicative of the estimated channel response.

8. (Original) The method of claim 7, wherein the channel response is estimated based on a pilot included in the received signal.

9. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising:

estimating a quality of the received signal; and

transmitting power control commands derived based on the estimated received signal quality.

10. (Original) The method of claim 9, wherein the received signal quality is estimated based on the demodulated symbols.

11. (Original) The method of claim 9, wherein the received signal quality is estimated based on a pilot included in the received signal.

12. (Currently Amended) In a multiple-access OFDM-CDMA system, a method for recovering data transmitted over a wireless communication channel, comprising:

processing a received signal to provide data samples;

decoding the data samples with a cover code to provide decoded samples;

transforming the decoded samples in the frequency domain in accordance with a Fourier transform to provide transformed samples;

despreading the transformed samples with one or more sets of despreading coefficients to provide despread samples, wherein each set of despreading coefficients is associated with a respective despreading code that corresponds to a spreading code used to spread data prior to transmission and selected from a set of available spreading codes;

combining the despread samples for each time interval to provide a demodulated symbol representative of a transmitted OFDM symbol; and

decoding demodulated symbols to provide decoded data.

13. (Currently Amended) A receiver unit in a multiple-access OFDM-CDMA system, comprising:

a receiver operative to process a received signal to provide data samples;

a transformer operative to transform the data samples in the frequency domain in accordance with a particular transformation to provide transformed samples;

a despreader operative to despread the transformed samples with one or more sets of despreading coefficients to provide despread samples, wherein each set of despreading coefficients is associated with a respective despreading code that corresponds to a spreading code used to spread data prior to transmission and selected from a set of available spreading codes;

a first summer operative to combine the despread samples for each time interval to provide a demodulated symbol representative of a transmitted OFDM symbol; and

a RX data processor operative to decode demodulated symbols to provide decoded data.

14. (Original) The receiver unit of claim 13, further comprising:

a buffer operative to discard data samples corresponding to a cyclic prefix appended to each OFDM symbol.

15. (Original) The receiver unit of claim 13, further comprising:

a multiplier operative to recover the data samples with a cover code to provide recovered samples, wherein the transformer is operative to transform the recovered samples.

16. (Original) The receiver unit of claim 13, further comprising:

a second summer operative to combine demodulated symbols derived from a plurality of received signals to provide combined demodulated symbols.

17. (Original) The receiver unit of claim 16, wherein the plurality of received signals are from a plurality of cells or sectors in the system.

18. (Currently Amended) A base station in a multiple-access OFDM-CDMA system, the base station comprising:

an antenna to receive a signal; and

a receiver unit to which the antenna provides the received signal, wherein the receiver unit comprises:

a receiver operative to process the received signal to provide data samples;

a transformer operative to transform the data samples in the frequency domain in accordance with a particular transformation to provide transformed samples;

a despreader operative to despread the transformed samples with one or more sets of despreading coefficients to provide despread samples, wherein each set of despreading coefficients is associated with a respective despreading code that corresponds to a

spreading code used to spread data prior to transmission and selected from a set of available spreading codes;

a first summer operative to combine the despread samples for each time interval to provide a demodulated symbol representative of a transmitted OFDM symbol; and

a RX data processor operative to decode demodulated symbols to provide decoded data.

19. (Currently Amended) A terminal in a multiple-access OFDM-CDMA system, the terminal comprising:

an antenna to receive a signal; and

a receiver unit to which the antenna provides the received signal, wherein the receiver unit comprises:

a receiver operative to process the received signal to provide data samples;

a transformer operative to transform the data samples in the frequency domain in accordance with a particular transformation to provide transformed samples;

a despread operative to despread the transformed samples with one or more sets of despreading coefficients to provide despread samples, wherein each set of despreading coefficients is associated with a respective despreading code that corresponds to a spreading code used to spread data prior to transmission and selected from a set of available spreading codes;

a first summer operative to combine the despread samples for each time interval to provide a demodulated symbol representative of a transmitted OFDM symbol; and

a RX data processor operative to decode demodulated symbols to provide decoded data.

20. (Currently Amended) A receiver apparatus in a multiple-access OFDM-CDMA system, comprising:

means for processing a received signal to provide data samples;

means for transforming the data samples in the frequency domain in accordance with a particular transformation to provide transformed samples;

means for despreading the transformed samples with one or more sets of despreading coefficients to provide despread samples, wherein each set of despreading coefficients is

associated with a respective despreading code that corresponds to a spreading code used to spread data prior to transmission and selected from a set of available spreading codes;

means for combining the despread samples for each time interval to provide a demodulated symbol representative of a transmitted OFDM symbol; and

means for decoding demodulated symbols to provide decoded data.

21. (Currently Amended) A computer-readable storage medium storing thereon instructions computer code in which the code indicates to the computer to recover data by for recovering data transmitted over a wireless communication channel, the instructions comprising:

processing a received signal to provide data samples;

transforming the data samples in the frequency domain in accordance with a particular transformation to provide transformed samples;

despreading the transformed samples with one or more sets of despreading coefficients to provide despread samples, wherein each set of despreading coefficients is associated with a respective despreading code that corresponds to a spreading code used to spread data prior to transmission and selected from a set of available spreading codes;

combining the despread samples for each time interval to provide a demodulated symbol representative of a transmitted OFDM symbol; and

decoding demodulated symbols to provide decoded data.

22. (Currently Amended) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 21, the instructions data recovery further comprising:

recovering the data samples with a cover code to provide recovered samples, wherein the transforming is performed on the recovered samples.

23. (Currently Amended) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 21, the instructions data recovery further comprising:

discarding data samples corresponding to a cyclic prefix appended to each OFDM symbol.

24. (Currently Amended) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 21, the instructions data recovery further comprising:

combining demodulated symbols derived from a plurality of received signals to provide combined demodulated symbols.

25. (Currently Amended) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 21, the instructions data recovery further comprising:

estimating a response for the communication channel, and

wherein each set of despreading coefficients is derived based in part on a set of weights indicative of the estimated channel response.

26. (Currently Amended) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 21, the instructions data recovery further comprising:

estimating a quality of the received signal; and

transmitting power control commands derived based on the estimated received signal quality.

27. (Currently Amended) A processor executing instructions for recovering data transmitted over a wireless communication channel comprising:

instructions to process a received signal to provide data samples;

instructions to transform the data samples in the frequency domain in accordance with a particular transformation to provide transformed samples;

instructions to despread the transformed samples with one or more sets of despreading coefficients to provide despread samples, wherein each set of despreading coefficients is associated with a respective despreading code that corresponds to a spreading code used to spread data prior to transmission and selected from a set of available spreading codes;

instructions to combine the despread samples for each time interval to provide a demodulated symbol representative of a transmitted OFDM symbol; and

instructions to decode demodulated symbols to provide decoded data.

28. (Previously Presented) The processor of claim 27, further comprising:

instructions to recover the data samples with a cover code to provide recovered samples, wherein the transforming is performed on the recovered samples.

29. (Previously Presented) The processor of claim 27, further comprising:

instructions to discard data samples corresponding to a cyclic prefix appended to each OFDM symbol.

30. (Previously Presented) The processor of claim 27, further comprising:

instructions to combine demodulated symbols derived from a plurality of received signals to provide combined demodulated symbols.

31. (Previously Presented) The processor of claim 27, further comprising:
instructions to estimate a response for the communication channel, and
wherein each set of despreading coefficients is derived based in part on a set of weights
indicative of the estimated channel response.
32. (Previously Presented) The processor of claim 27, further comprising:
instructions to estimate a quality of the received signal; and
instructions to transmit power control commands derived based on the estimated received
signal quality.